

Fibrosis-What Will Be Needed For Approva

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Areas of Interest

nt, Sanyal Biotechnologies

Options: Genfit, Akarna, Tiziana, Indalo, Durect, Exhale
near

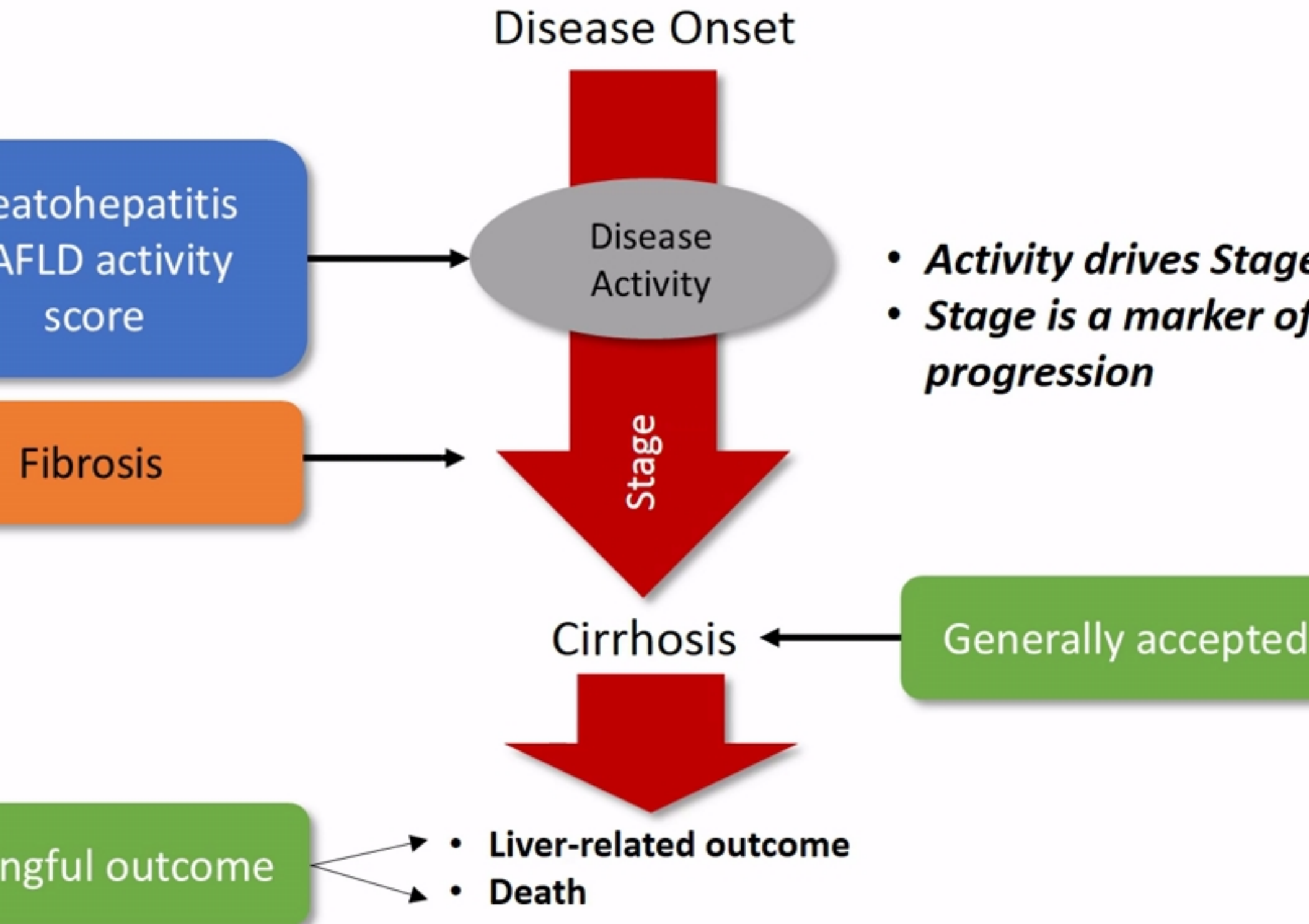
with compensation: Lilly, Pfizer, Novartis, Ardelyx, Sa
near

without compensation: Galectin, Intercept, Merck, B
mmuron, Gilead, Chemomab, Affimmune, Protalix, M
Novo Nordisk, Cirius, Boehringer Ingelhiem

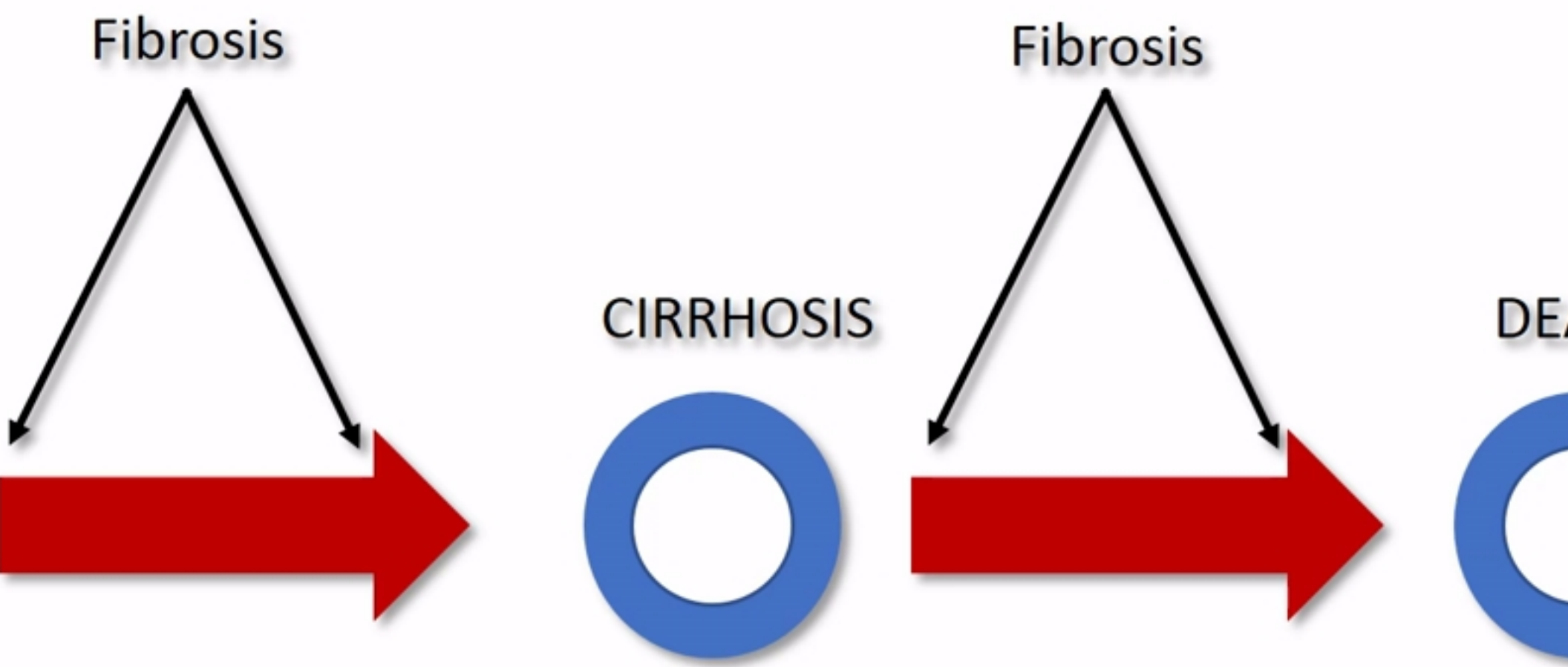
no institution: Gilead, Tobira, Allergan, Merck, Bristol
neca, Immuron, Intercept, Novo Nordisk, Shire, Boeh
m, Cirius

*there is an unmet need to improve
clinical outcomes, quality of life and
ultimately premature mortality*

Activity versus disease stage

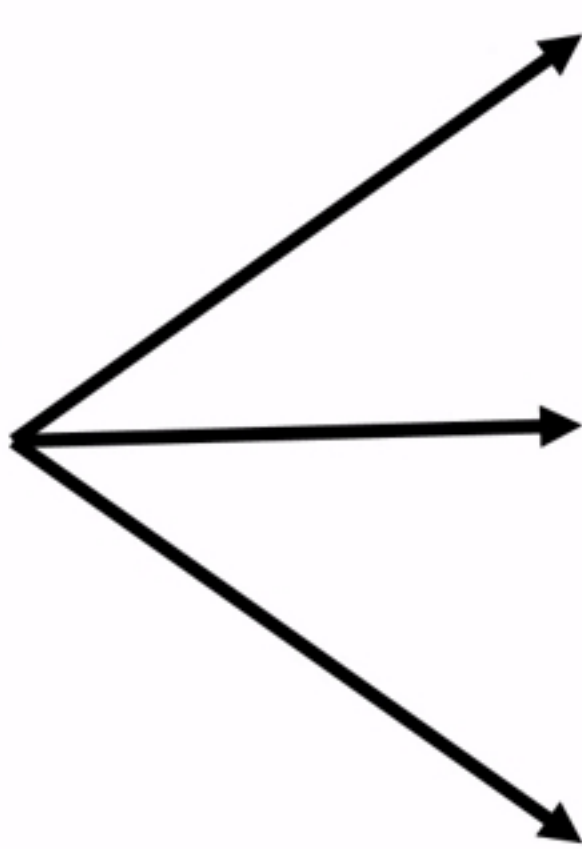


Relevant is fibrosis?



Meaningful outcomes?

PREVENTING FIBROSIS
STAGE 0-1 TO 3



HOW A PATIENT FEELS

- *Need more data (? NASH-CH)*

HOW A PATIENT FUNCTIONS

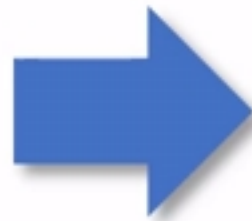
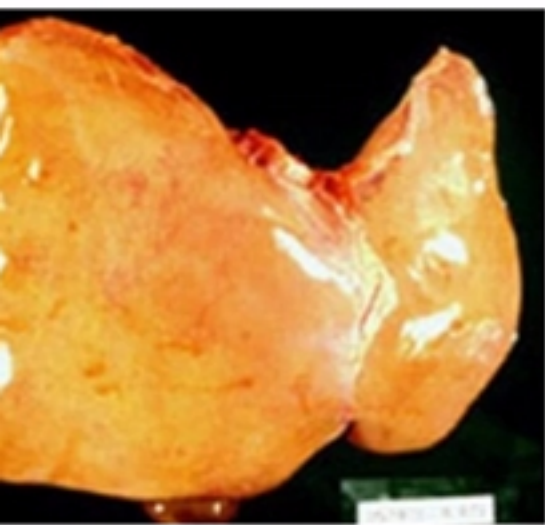
- *No evidence of a relationship*

HOW A PATIENT SURVIVES

- *Main outcome is cardiovascular*

of disease progression towards cirrhosis

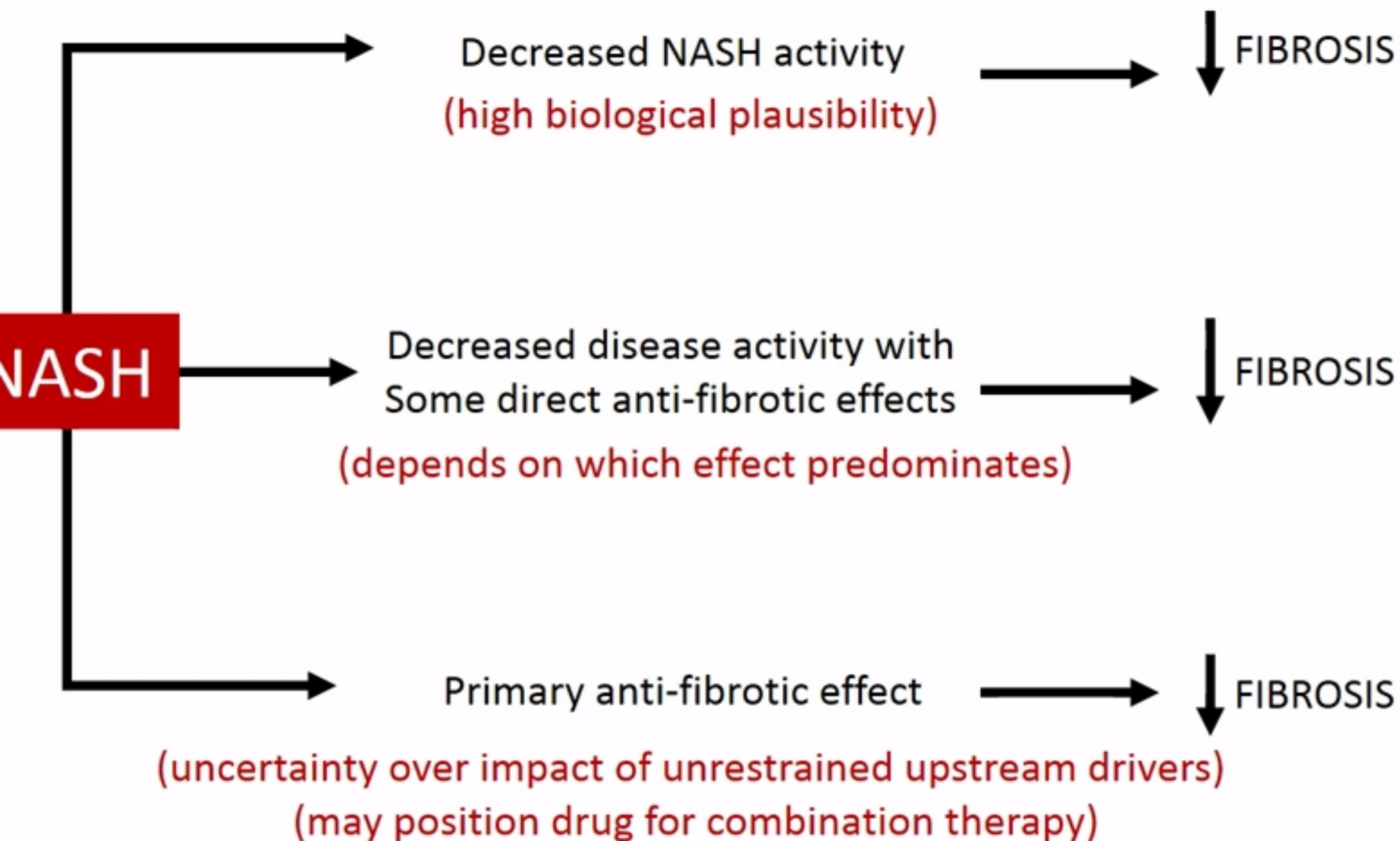
ssion to cirrhosis is a generally accepted surrogate endpoint for appro



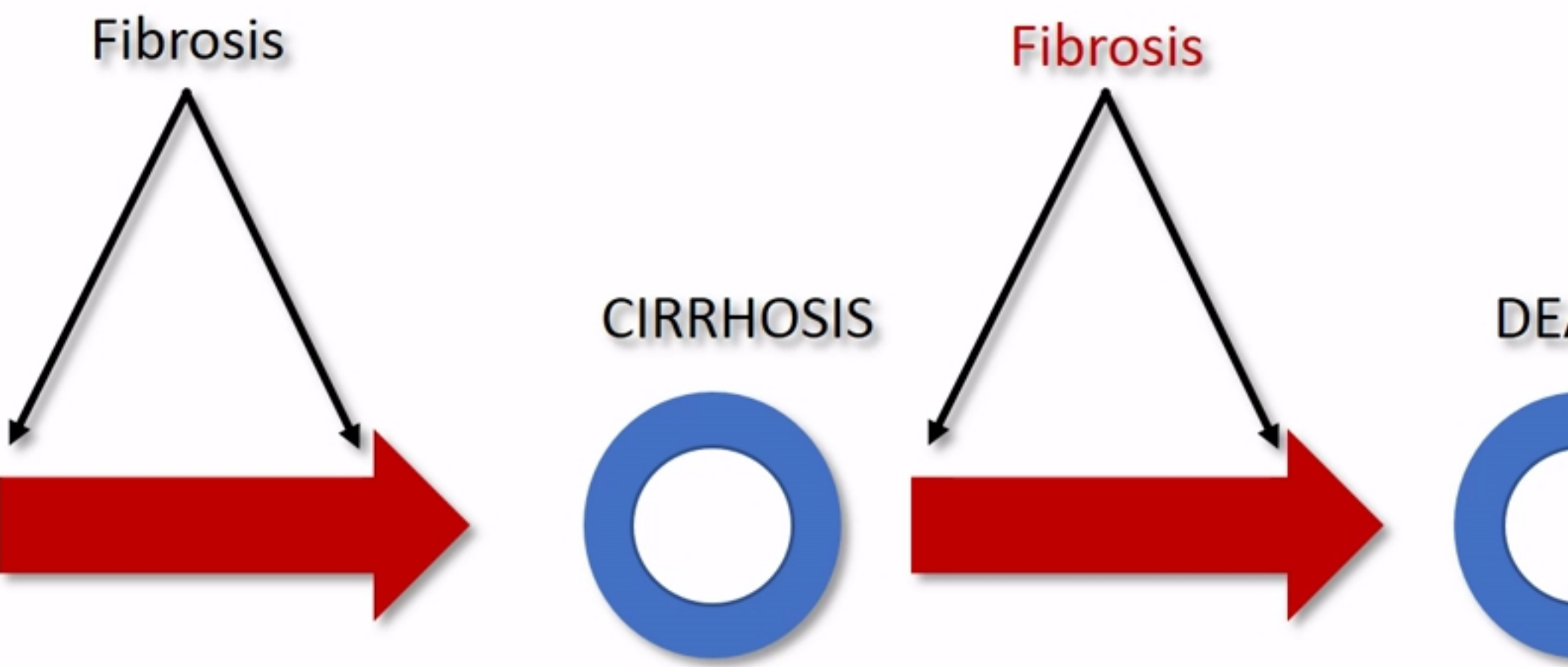
PRE
WORS
OU

ression includes metabolic reprogramming, cell death, stem cell recruit
e activity, cell differentiation, changes in microcirculation, matrix, bile
rosis is an easily visible and quantifiable surrogate for this process.

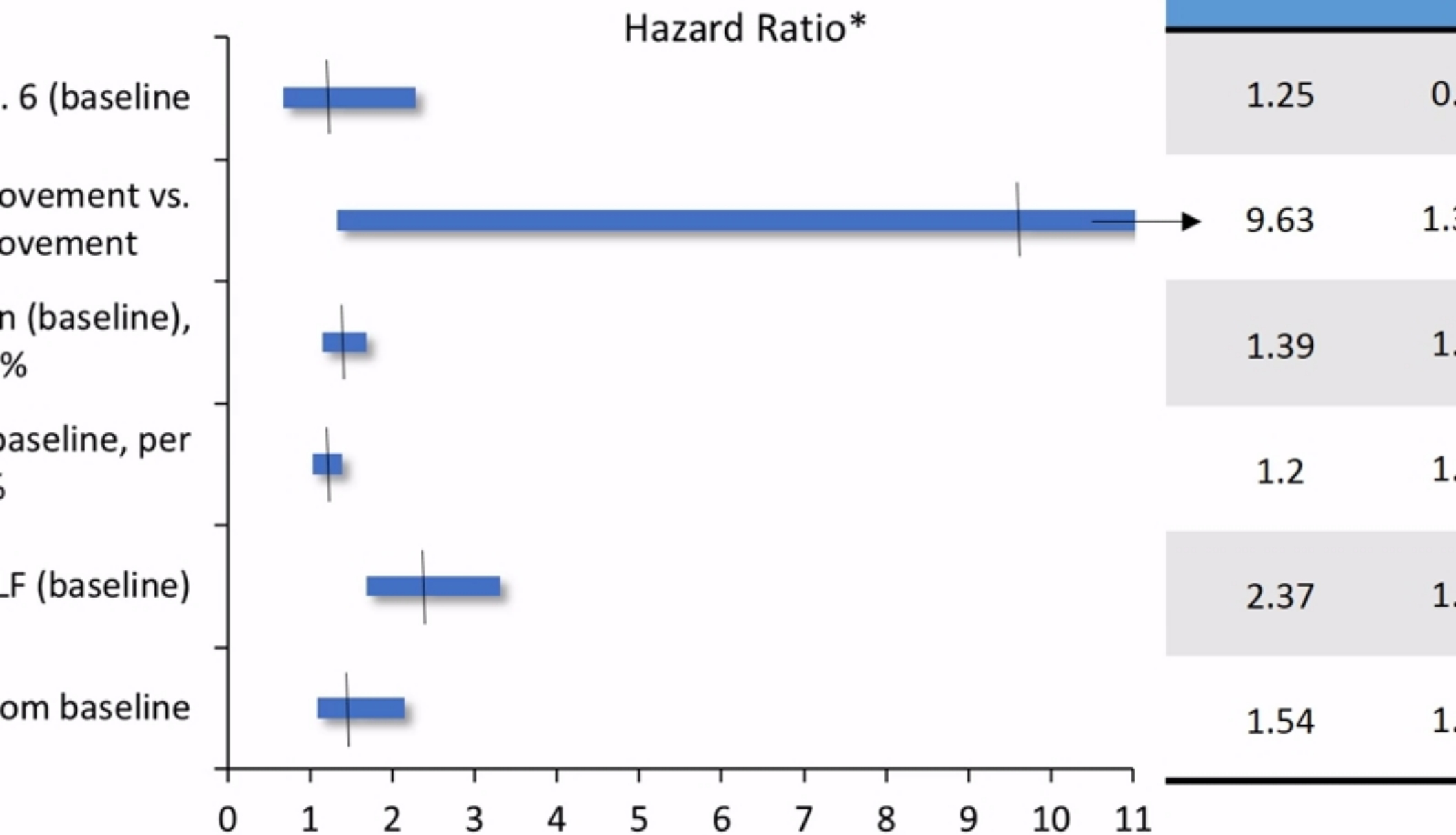
of NASH is linked to drug mechanism of a



Relevant is fibrosis?



es

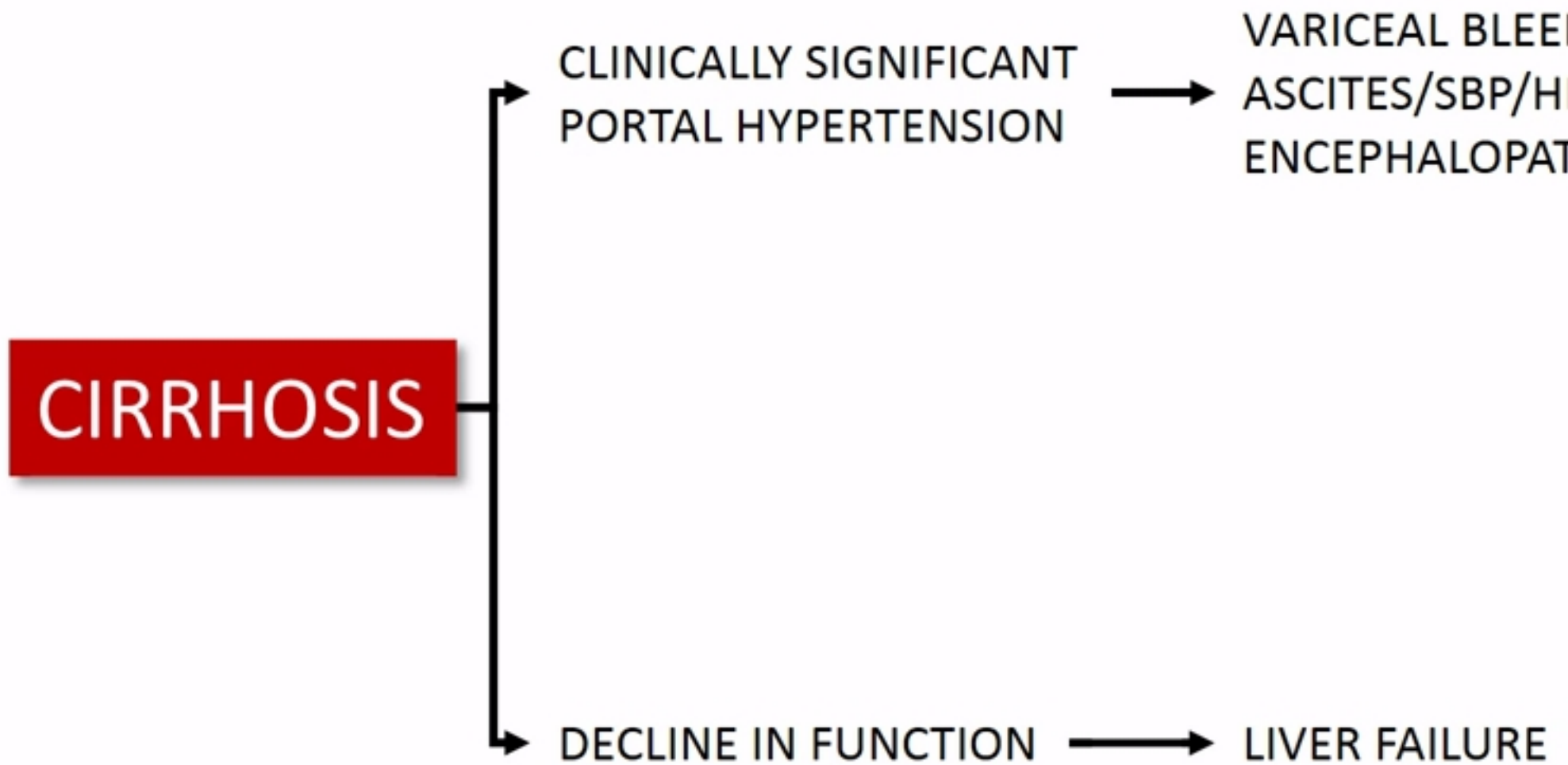


clinical events with:

baseline hepatic collagen content and ELF

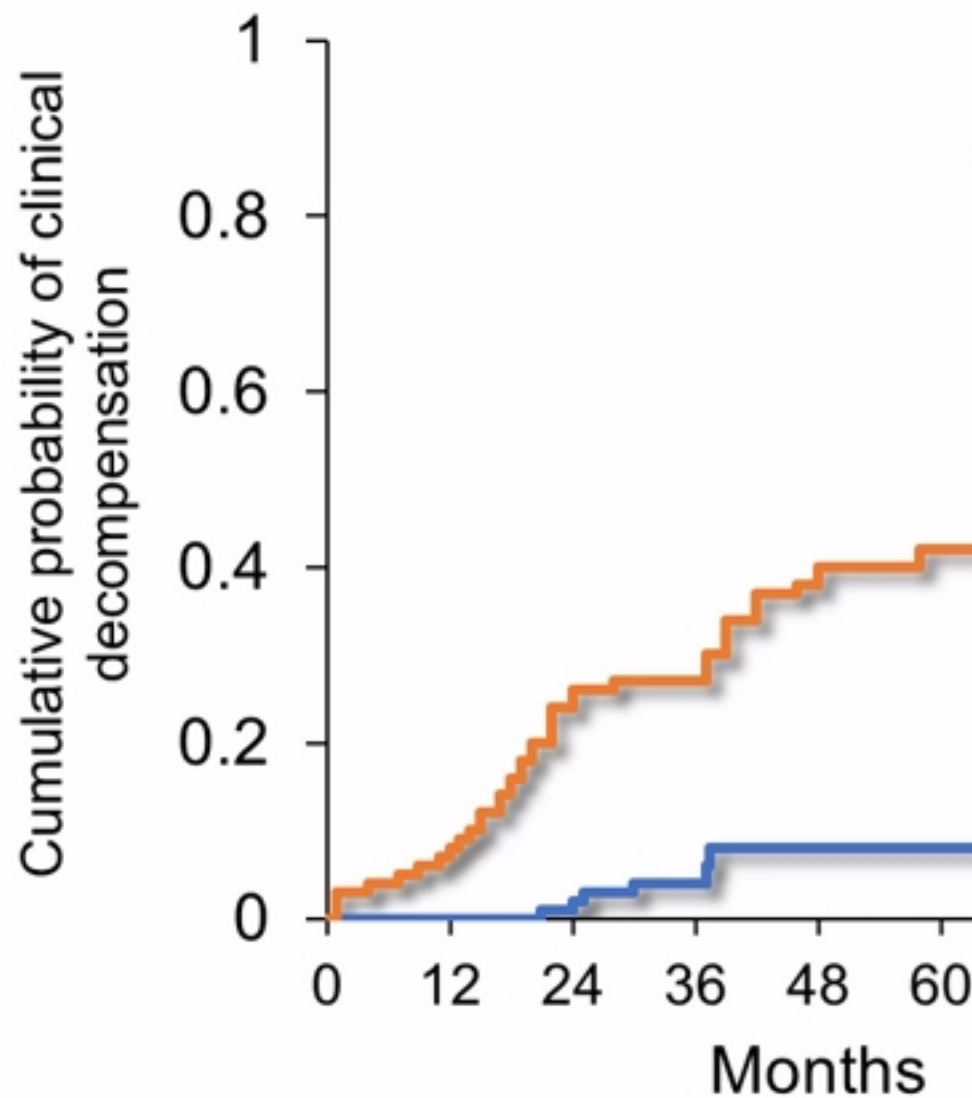
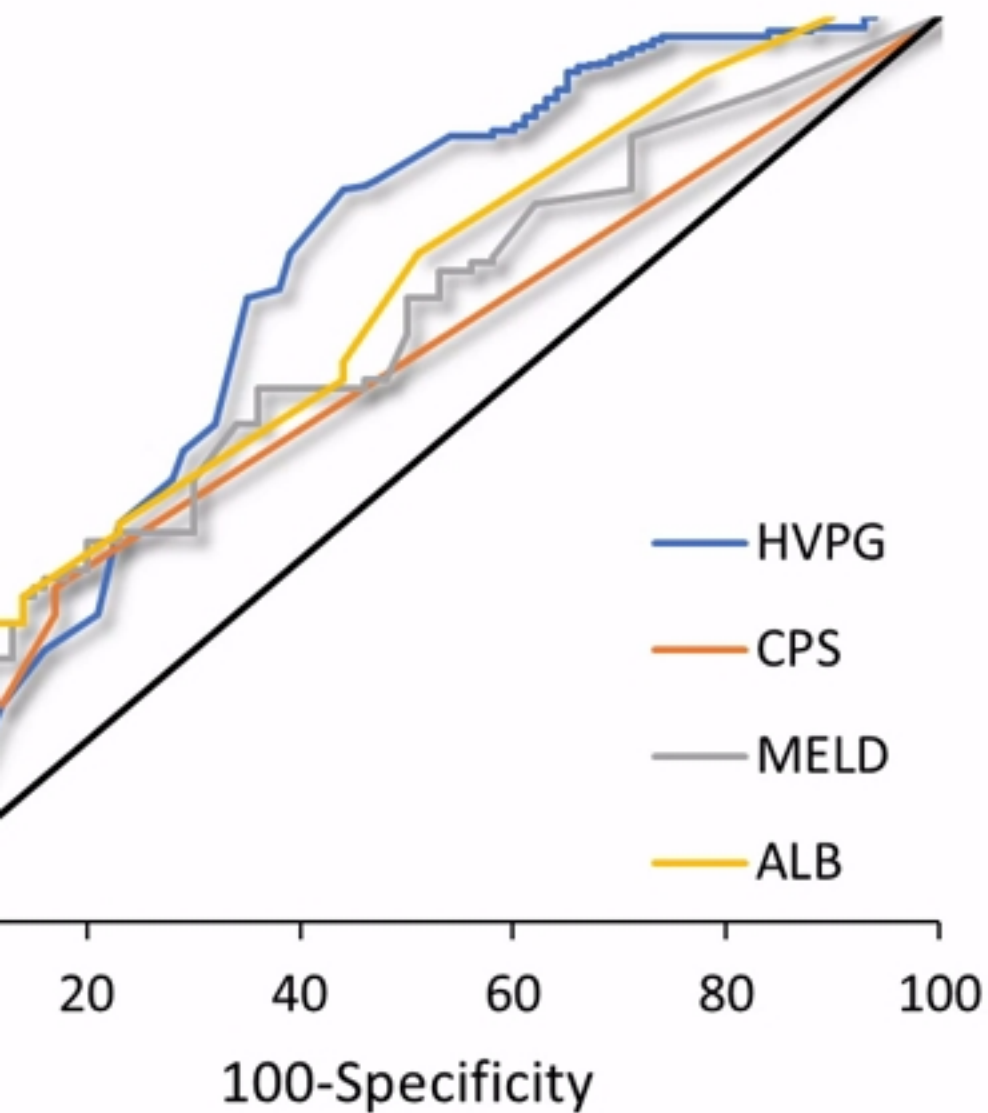
of fibrosis (by Ishak stage, collagen content, ELF)

rhosis leads to clinically meaningful outc

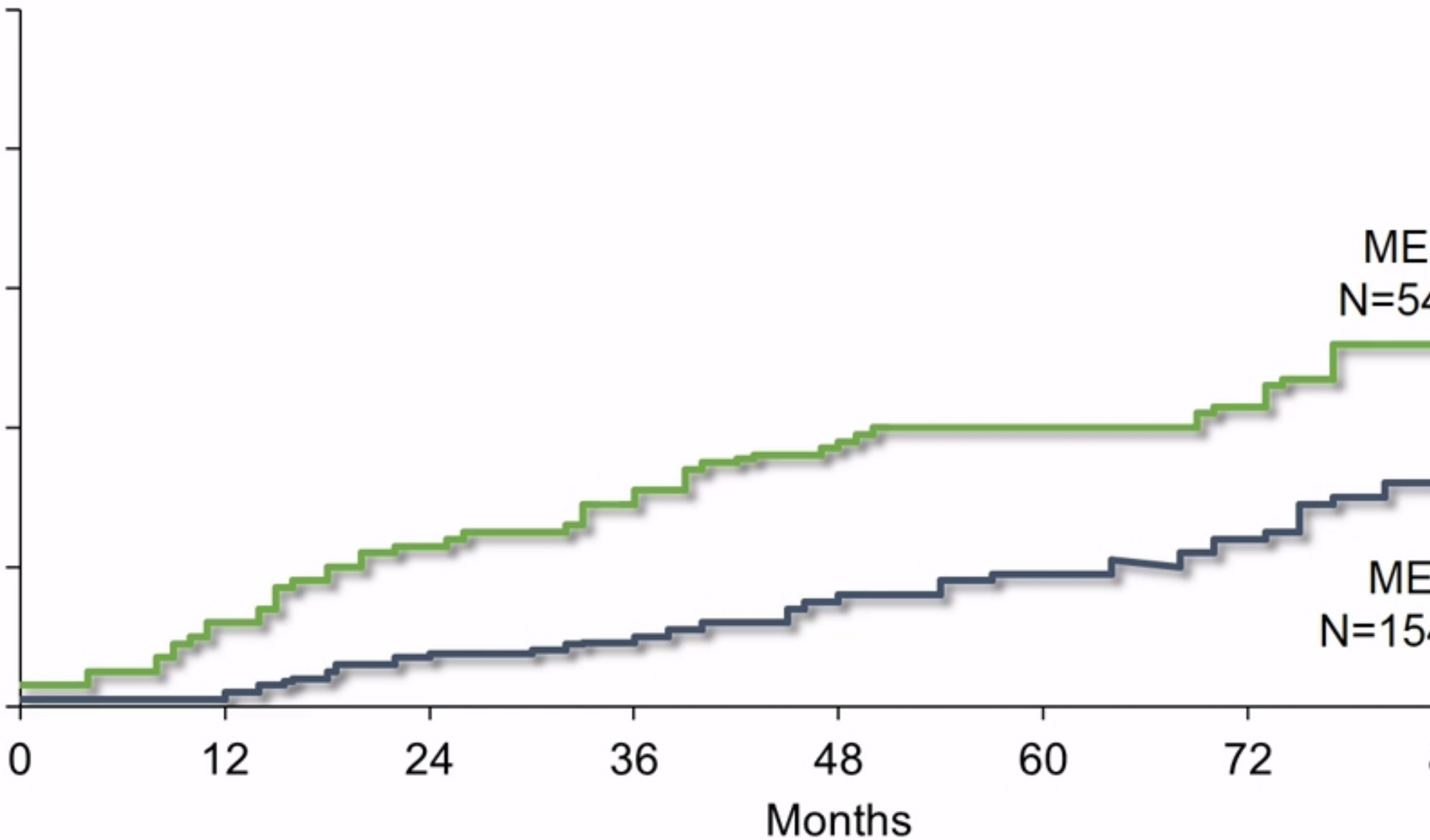


10 mmHg Predicts Clinical Stability

of HVPG increase are clear; implications of a decrease are Context- and



y



ME
N=54

ME
N=15

is an endpoint

	Cons
to mortality own to clinicians available measure ld value of 10 or 14 identifies tant stage in clinical course	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inter-lab variability• Related to 3 month mortality• Rate of progression of MELD not linear• Most patients with compensated cirrhosis have a MELD < 10

*an increase in MELD to ≥ 15 represents a point in course of disease
Transplant should be considered*

on

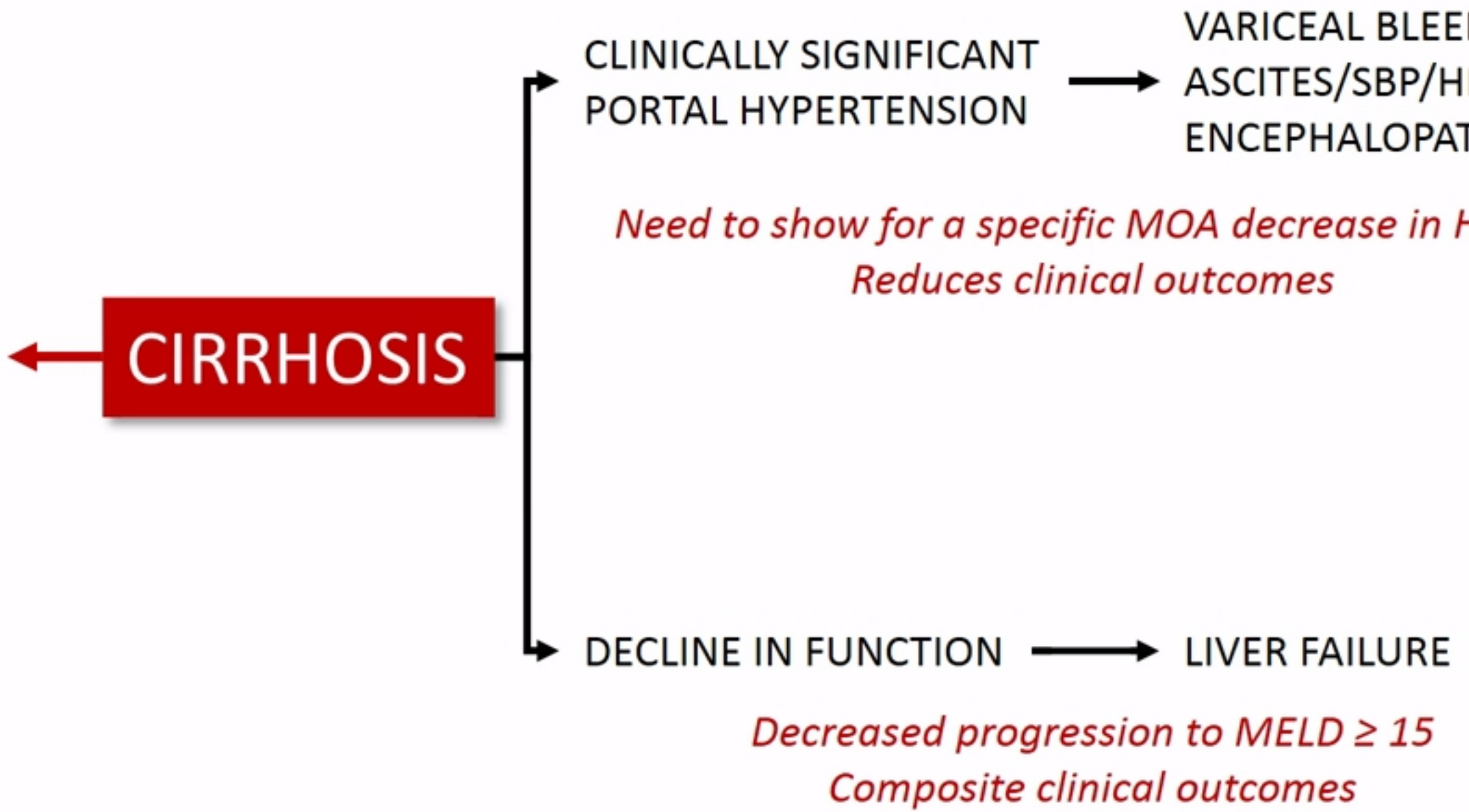
en morphometry and other quantitative measure

n

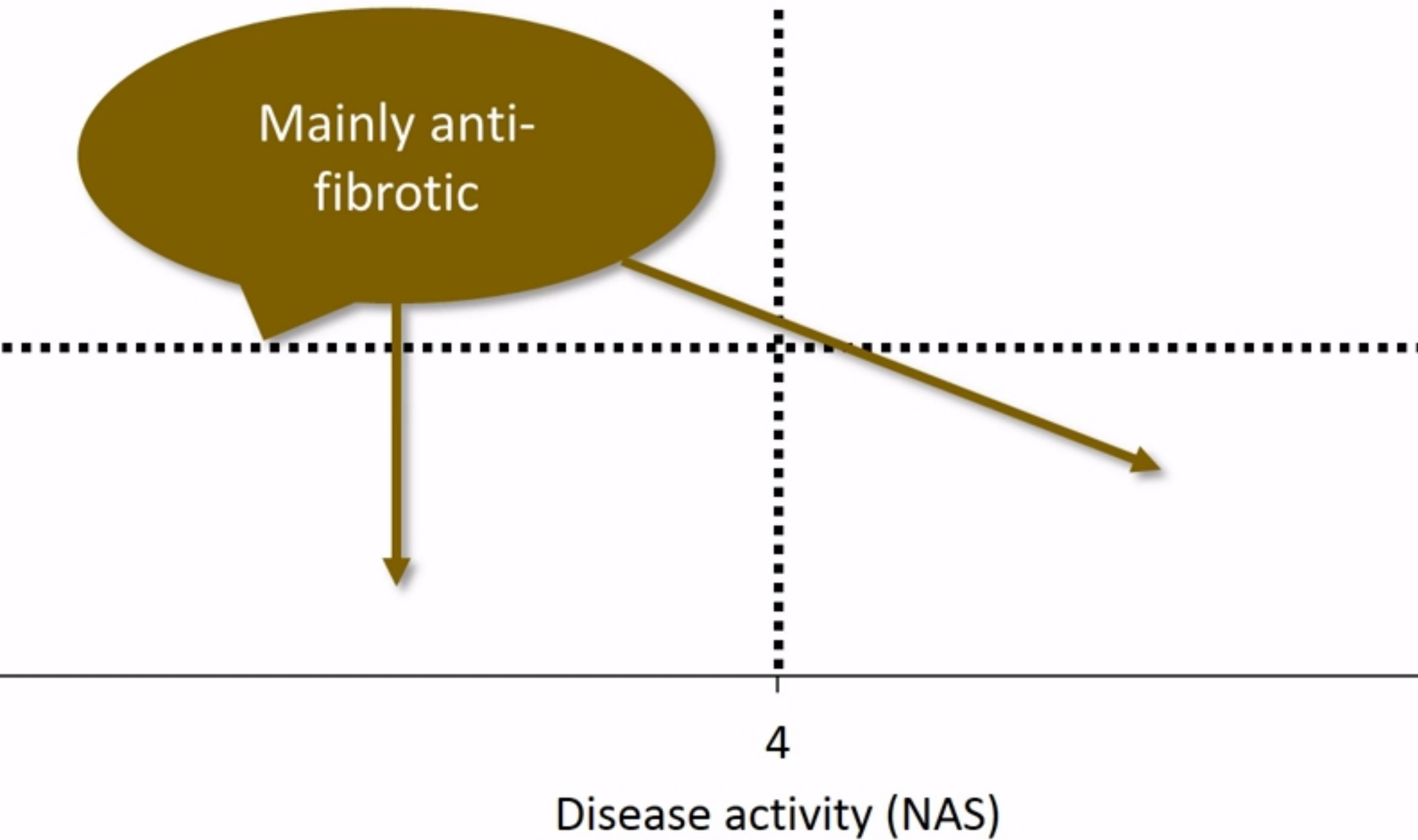
s of collagen synthesis or turnover

tative liver function tests

rhosis leads to clinically meaningful outcomes



clinical endpoints. One size does not fit all



progression is reflected in increased fibrosis; in pre-cirrhotic stages, however, it does not lead to clinically meaningful outcomes and change in fibrosis is a surrogate for disease progression

In cirrhotic stages, the implications of decreased fibrosis are mechanistically unclear and will need to be validated to translate into decreased

uncertainty is if fibrosis alone is decreased without altered inflammatory substrate in the liver, what the long-term outcomes will be

With cirrhosis, multiple paths to approval exist:

1. Reduction of fibrosis to pre-cirrhotic stages followed by demonstration of decreased progression to MELD \geq 15 and then outcomes

2. Demonstration of clinical benefit needs substantial additional validation as an endpoint before it can be used as a primary endpoint of collagen quantitative scores.